

PROOF

STATE OF IOWA

Senate Journal

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 2016

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JOURNAL OF THE SENATE

SECOND CALENDAR DAY
SECOND SESSION DAY

Senate Chamber
Des Moines, Iowa, Tuesday, January 12, 2016

The Senate met in regular session at 9:03 a.m., President Jochum presiding.

Prayer was offered by Reverend Katie Russell, pastor of the Broadway Christian Church in Council Bluffs, Iowa. She was the guest of Senator Gronstal.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by Senate Page Hannah Dettmann.

The Journal of Monday, January 11, 2016, was approved.

HOUSE MESSAGES RECEIVED AND CONSIDERED

The following messages were received from the Chief Clerk of the House:

MADAM PRESIDENT: I am directed to inform your honorable body that the House has on January 11, 2016, **adopted** the following resolutions in which the concurrence of the Senate is asked:

House Concurrent Resolution 102, a concurrent resolution to provide for a joint convention of the two houses of the 2016 session of the Eighty-sixth General Assembly be held on Wednesday, January 13, 2016, at 10:00 a.m.

Read first time and **placed on calendar**.

House Concurrent Resolution 103, a concurrent resolution to provide for a joint convention of the two houses of the 2016 session of the Eighty-sixth General Assembly be held on Wednesday, January 27, 2016, at 10:00 a.m.

Read first time and **placed on calendar**.

CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS
(Regular Calendar)

Senator Gronstal asked and received unanimous consent to take up for consideration House Concurrent Resolutions 102 and 103.

House Concurrent Resolution 102

On motion of Senator Gronstal, **House Concurrent Resolution 102**, a concurrent resolution to provide for a joint convention of the two houses of the 2016 session of the Eighty-sixth General Assembly be held on Wednesday, January 13, 2016, at 10:00 a.m., was taken up for consideration.

Senator Gronstal moved the adoption of House Concurrent Resolution 102, which motion prevailed by a voice vote.

House Concurrent Resolution 103

On motion of Senator Gronstal, **House Concurrent Resolution 103**, a concurrent resolution to provide for a joint convention of the two houses of the 2016 session of the Eighty-sixth General Assembly be held on Wednesday, January 27, 2016, at 10:00 a.m., was taken up for consideration.

Senator Gronstal moved the adoption of House Concurrent Resolution 103, which motion prevailed by a voice vote.

IMMEDIATELY MESSAGED

Senator Gronstal asked and received unanimous consent that **House Concurrent Resolutions 102 and 103** be **immediately messaged** to the House.

The Senate stood at ease at 9:09 a.m. until the fall of the gavel for the purpose of party caucuses.

The Senate resumed session at 9:42 a.m., President Jochum presiding.

COMMITTEE FROM THE HOUSE

A committee from the House appeared and announced that the House was ready to receive the Senate in joint convention.

In accordance with House Concurrent Resolution 102, duly adopted, the Senate proceeded to the House chamber under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate and the Sergeant-at-Arms.

JOINT CONVENTION

The joint convention convened at 9:46 a.m., President Jochum presiding.

Senator Gronstal moved that the roll call be dispensed with and that the President of the joint convention be authorized to declare a quorum present, which motion prevailed by a voice vote.

President Jochum declared a quorum present and the joint convention duly organized.

Senator Gronstal moved that a committee of six, three members from the Senate and three members from the House, be appointed to notify Governor Terry E. Branstad that the joint convention was ready to receive him.

The motion prevailed by a voice vote, and the Chair announced the appointment of Senators Brase, Mathis, and Behn on the part of the Senate, and Representatives Grassley, Sands, and Miller on the part of the House.

Secretary of Agriculture Bill Northey, Treasurer of State Mike Fitzgerald, Auditor of State Mary Mosiman, and Attorney General Tom Miller were escorted into the House chamber.

The Chief Justice and the Justices of the Supreme Court and the Chief Judge and the Judges of the Court of Appeals were escorted into the House chamber.

Lieutenant Governor Kim Reynolds and her husband were escorted into the House chamber.

Chris Branstad, the Governor's wife, and other family members, were escorted into the House chamber.

The committee waited upon Governor Terry E. Branstad and escorted him to the Speaker's station.

President Jochum presented Governor Terry E. Branstad, who delivered the following Condition of the State Address:

It gives me great honor to commence the 2016 Condition of the State for the first time in Iowa's history by beginning with:

Madam Lieutenant Governor, Madam President, Madam Speaker, Legislative leaders, justices, judges, legislators, elected officials, distinguished guests, family, friends and fellow Iowans, good morning.

To Rep. Tom Moore and Rep. Charles Holz—welcome to your first legislative session.

I look forward to working with you as you represent your constituents back home.

I want to welcome all returning legislators as well.

We return this session without an esteemed colleague and friend who was respected by both sides of the aisle, Jack Drake.

Jack was a personal friend of mine and many of you as well.

He served his constituents with passion and I know we all will miss him this session.

Ladies and Gentlemen, over the past 5 years the State of Iowa has made significant progress.

Progress which has put Iowa in a position of strength and opportunity for a bright future.

Sound budgeting practices and fiscal discipline now have us ranked as the 3rd best managed state in the nation.

Our cash reserve and economic emergency accounts are full.

The Iowa Economy has created 214,000 new jobs; surpassing our 2010 goal.

Today, Iowa's unemployment rate has been cut nearly in half to 3.4%.

Which is down from 6.1% five years ago.

Iowa has the lowest unemployment rate since 2001.

More Iowans are now employed than ever in our state's history.

Iowa family incomes have grown 18.3% from 2010.

We have seen over \$12 billion in private capital investment.

We worked in a bi-partisan fashion last session to improve both Iowa's physical and digital infrastructure.

And state K-12 education funding is up 35% since 2010.

When we look back at this progress, it is important to reflect on how we got here.

We did it by restoring fiscal discipline.

We did it by focusing on economic growth.

We did it by investing in our children.

But the key to igniting this engine of success has truly been a willingness to work together.

When we work together, challenges are overcome, results are delivered and Iowans have a government that works for them.

When we fail to work together, challenges become steeper, results are fleeting and the government fails the very people we should be serving.

There is no doubt this upcoming legislative session will present us with unique issues and opportunities to address.

It is my sincere desire to work with all of you to address the challenges we have before us.

We must come together again to tackle the challenges looming on our path toward a more prosperous future.

Last year's devastating avian influenza, lower commodity prices and an increasingly competitive world economy have reduced the growth of our state's revenue.

While we still see some growth, it is not as robust as we had hoped and expected.

In the budget I propose today, the two items where I propose spending the most money are on schools, and on Medicaid.

Simply put, Medicaid is costing more than ever.

It is stretching our budget too thin.

In order to improve patient health and increase the coordination of services—as well as control Medicaid costs—the state of Iowa is implementing a modern approach toward Medicaid through managed care, as most other states have already done.

If the state fails to implement managed care, the growth of Medicaid spending will consume virtually all of our revenue growth.

Working families and job creating businesses across this state want a government that is stable, predictable and delivers what it promises.

The budget I propose today was crafted the same way hardworking Iowans do, with a cautious eye and optimism for the future.

It is a tight budget.

It is a budget that will keep our state stable.

The budget is balanced today and fits within our five-year projections.

We should not over-promise and under-deliver.

This budget provides schools the stability, predictability and funding they need and deserve.

Today, I am proposing to increase pre K-12 funding by over \$145 million.

This includes the third installment of our extraordinary commitment to teacher leadership and compensation.

This additional investment would bring total pre K-12 education spending in the state budget to over \$3.2 billion dollars.

To make this level of funding possible, we have made tough decisions in other budget areas.

It is my sincere hope the General Assembly will move quickly to approve supplemental state aid early this session.

Ensuring our children's future is bright also means addressing other challenges our state faces.

Education officials have expressed to me a strong desire for extending a critical source of funding for school infrastructure.

Iowans have also expressed a strong desire to improve our state's water quality.

Unfortunately, too often we are presented with a false choice—raise taxes on hardworking taxpayers or do nothing.

I submit to you there is a different path to chart.

That is why last week, Lt. Gov. Kim Reynolds and I were pleased to announce with U.S. Secretary of Agriculture Tom Vilsack a substantial investment through a bold framework for school infrastructure and water quality.

We made this announcement while being joined by:

- Sioux City Superintendent Paul Gausman
- Wauke Superiorintendent Dave Wilkerson
- and Southeast Polk Superintendent Dirk Halupnik

These education leaders are partners in supporting our innovative plan and we were also joined by:

- Iowa farmer Bob Hemesath
- Iowa Corn Grower's leader Craig Floss
- Iowa Soybean Association leader and Boone school board President Kirk Leeds
- and co-chair of Iowa's Water Future Task Force, Larry James

The Lt. Gov. and I are continuing to meet with education, agriculture and business leaders to build support for a solution that helps schools, improves water quality and protects Iowa taxpayers.

Today, our schools rely on the Secure Advanced Vision for Education or SAVE fund for school infrastructure.

The current law expires in 2029.

Since its inception in 2009, schools have already received \$3.2 billion in infrastructure funding.

Our proposal will increase annual funding from \$458 million this year, to \$788 million by 2049—providing a total of \$20.7 billion for school infrastructure.

At the same time, by sharing the portion of the growth over \$10 million annually, this plan will provide nearly \$4.7 billion for water quality over the same period of time.

Schools will receive guaranteed growth of \$10 million each year or \$100 million in additional funding for school infrastructure every decade on top of what they are already getting.

This is a monumental investment in both education funding and water quality and does it without raising taxes.

From our rich soil to abundant water, Iowans are blessed with resources that are the envy of the world.

Over the years, positive steps have been taken to improve our state's water quality—including our innovative nutrient reduction strategy.

However, it is clear we need a stable long-term source of funding to more significantly improve water quality from both point and non-point sources of pollution.

Unfortunately, the issue of protecting our state's water quality risks tearing apart the fabric of Iowa, pitting Des Moines against rural Iowa.

Simply put, we must significantly accelerate our water quality efforts in order to avoid eroding our path to prosperity.

As we provide certainty for our schools, and a reliable long-term source of funding for protecting our water resources, we must also offer certainty to the engines of economic progress—hardworking Iowa families.

As Lt. Gov. Reynolds and I travel the state, we see help wanted signs.

Good jobs are available here in Iowa.

Some of those jobs go unfilled because of the skills gap in our workforce.

Our Regents institutions, community colleges, private colleges, unions and employers are working to help close this skills gap.

We recently established a Future Ready Iowa goal that 70% of Iowa's workforce will have education and training beyond high school by the year 2025.

The Future Ready Iowa initiative can help focus and better align our education, workforce, and economic development efforts.

From the Home Base Iowa initiative to Skilled Iowa to promoting registered apprenticeships, we are enhancing Iowa's workforce.

In 19 months, the Home Base Iowa initiative has already led to 1,700 veterans who have been hired across Iowa.

Also, thanks to bipartisan support, Iowa is a national leader in registered apprenticeships.

Apprenticeships allow individuals to "earn while they learn" and that is exactly what Joe Gomez did through Eastern Iowa Community College's Registered Apprenticeship Culinary Arts Program.

While completing his apprenticeship, he also earned credit through the community college.

Joe has leveraged those skills into becoming an owner and operator of his own restaurant in Davenport.

Joe, and his wife Michelle are here today.

Joe, please stand and be recognized.

Thank you for being an example of the power of apprenticeships to grow our state's talent pipeline.

Last year, thanks to generous public and private-sector support, more than 100,000 Iowa students participated in quality STEM programs through the work of the Governor's STEM Advisory Council.

I want to be sure to recognize the students with us today from ADM High School, Norwalk Middle School, Carver Elementary School in Des Moines and Iowa Christian Academy in West Des Moines.

I want to thank the STEM Council's co-chairs, Lt. Gov. Kim Reynolds and Dr. Chris Nelson of Kemin Industries for their leadership, passion and vision.

With support from the General Assembly, Iowa can continue to be a national leader in STEM and empower more students with STEM skills.

In fact, a STEM Council recommendation inspired our proposal to move students into the 21st century by requiring high schools to offer at least one high-quality computer science course by 2018–19, and for middle school students to have the opportunity to take an exploratory unit on coding.

This General Assembly also has a tremendous opportunity to advance more effective career guidance within our K-12 system.

This is about teachers, counselors and other school leaders infusing career information and career-related skills into local curriculum.

It is about employers leading conversations in every community in the state to advance productive partnerships with educators.

It is about the business and non-profit communities better articulating key needs for Iowa's educators.

We must prioritize policies on industries that are poised to grow like bio-renewable chemicals.

A state bio-renewable tax credit, which is revenue neutral, will create more high-quality jobs, building on our state's leadership in renewable energy.

I know we can do this because we've already done it by becoming the nation's leader in renewable energy.

In the 1980's, Iowa began investing in renewable energies like ethanol, biodiesel and wind.

We were the first state to implement a renewable electric standard which I signed it into law in 1983.

At the time, we were almost entirely dependent on coal for electricity and foreign oil for motor fuel.

But look at us today:

We produce significantly more ethanol than we consume in gasoline which offers consumers more choices at the pump.

We are the leading biodiesel producing state in the nation.

We are seeing significant investments in other technologies like cellulosic ethanol; with two new plants in Emmetsburg and Nevada.

Today wind generates nearly 30% of Iowa's electric generation; more than any other state in the country.

And solar power generation is a growing and attractive renewable resource that an increasing number of Iowans are utilizing.

All of these accomplishments show the growing diversity in Iowa's economy.

But we must keep looking to the future, working to understand our needs and pushing for more renewable, reliable, and low-cost clean energy to meet our needs.

Lt. Governor Kim Reynolds is chairing our statewide effort—and working with the Iowa Partnership for Economic Progress—to develop a State Energy Plan.

This plan will include input from the public, the business community and a variety of state and federal partners and help us set our priorities for the future.

It includes an assessment of current and future energy capacities that will benefit the state and outline clear goals and strategies to keep energy costs low and facilitate economic development.

Companies who have invested and located in Iowa have cited our low cost of energy and growing use of renewables as major reasons for locating here.

Iowa could be the first state in the nation to meet 40% of our energy needs from wind power by 2020; far ahead of any other state.

The extension of the Federal Wind Energy Tax Credit will also help us grow wind investments and jobs in Iowa.

Our leadership in green energy not only makes us a leader in renewables but also powers job growth.

Every wind turbine you see while driving across our state means income for farmers, revenue for local governments and jobs for Iowa families.

Let's build on that foundation for a greener Iowa future.

Our state flag is emblazoned with Iowa's motto, "OUR LIBERTIES WE PRIZE AND OUR RIGHTS WE WILL MAINTAIN."

Maintaining our rights means we must maintain those rights for all.

It is time for a fresh look at the criminal justice system in Iowa to ensure that we are doing the right thing for all of our citizens.

Last year, I was invited to participate on a panel at the NAACP's Iowa Summit on Justice and Disparities.

I was invited by my friend, Betty Andrews, who joins us today.

Betty is the President of the NAACP chapter for Iowa and Nebraska.

Betty, thank you for being here—please stand and be recognized.

At the Summit, I announced the formation of a bi-partisan working group on justice policy reform tasked with researching and making policy recommendations.

The working group consisted of representatives from state and local government and the NAACP.

The efforts of the Working Group, and the advocacy of Betty Andrews and others, convinced me that we all need to work together to address justice in Iowa.

Ensuring the fundamental fairness of our system is a worthy goal.

But a fairer and more equitable criminal justice system also aligns with the long-term interests of taxpayers who fund our criminal justice system.

For example, in many cases, tax dollars may be better spent on rehabilitation rather than incarceration.

We can protect the public while rehabilitating those who have committed crimes.

We can take steps to ensure that the most serious of crimes are punished with the most serious of penalties.

And we can take steps to make sure that when our criminal justice system does impose punishment that we are punishing the right person and that race does not play a role.

Let's take action this year, in all three branches of government, to improve our criminal justice system.

In the executive branch, our State Public Defender Adam Gregg recently established a new Wrongful Conviction Division to investigate wrongful convictions of innocent people.

These efforts will not only bring justice for those who have been wrongfully incarcerated, but will protect public safety by ensuring the right person is held responsible when a crime is committed.

We are already seeing a decline in our prison population and simultaneously a reduction in the rate of recidivism because of the collaboration between the Parole Board and the Department of Corrections.

We are more focused on providing individuals in the corrections system with skills they need to have rewarding careers upon release, including apprenticeships within the institutions.

The Department of Corrections has dramatically reduced phone fees as recommended by the Governor's Working Group.

Increased communications between inmates and their families while incarcerated can lead to a lower rate of reoffending when released.

The executive branch is not the only one taking action.

As you know, Chief Justice Mark Cady has become a leader in seeking to address the significant racial disparities which have become evident in the Iowa criminal justice system.

I applaud his efforts.

In addition, the courts are working to implement some of the Working Group recommendations, such as improving the jury selection process to ensure racial diversity of jury panels, which in turn helps assure a fair trial for all.

I look forward to working with all of you in the General Assembly to improve our criminal justice system by examining how we can:

- Protect our children and family members from human trafficking;
- Combat domestic violence;
- And examine the funding model for Drug and Mental Health Courts.

A significant recommendation of the Governor's Working Group included the confidentiality of juvenile delinquency records.

Currently, in most circumstances juvenile delinquency records are public records.

That means that a juvenile with even a minor theft or minor drug possession can be haunted by that mistake for the rest of their life—when they apply for college, for a job, for an apartment or for the military.

Some of our friends and neighbors, who have made poor decisions when they were young, continue to face significant roadblocks to success throughout their entire life.

We must examine whether these policies are truly protecting the public, or simply blocking a path to future career success for impacted Iowans.

A minor crime should not be a lifelong barrier to a successful career.

Juvenile records should remain confidential unless a judge specifically finds that disclosure is in the best interest of the child and the public.

This would allow for public disclosure in serious cases, while giving judge's discretion to allow confidentiality in cases involving minor offenses.

Friends, this is the 86th General Assembly of the State of Iowa.

And the question before us is this: what can we do to provide certainty and opportunities for all Iowa families?

Together we can forge a new path that will lead us to stable and predictable funding for school infrastructure and historic long-term protection for water quality.

A path which connects Iowans to rewarding careers.

A path that leads to exponential growth in our energy sector.

And a path that provides for a more fair and equitable society for all Iowans.

Let us be bold.

Let us be courageous.

Let us set our path toward the future, and seize the opportunities before us.

Thank you. God Bless you, and God bless the people of Iowa.

Governor Terry E. Branstad was escorted from the House chamber by the committee previously appointed.

Representative Hagenow moved that the joint convention be dissolved, which motion prevailed by a voice vote.

ADJOURNMENT

On motion of Senator Gronstal, the Senate adjourned at 10:32 a.m. until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 13, 2016.

APPENDIX

COMMUNICATION RECEIVED

The following communication was received in the office of the Secretary of the Senate and placed on file in the Legislative Services Agency:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (BANKING DIVISION)

Mortgage Servicing Settlement Fund Report, pursuant to 2012 Iowa Acts, Chapter 1138, section 7. Report received on January 12, 2016.

CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION

The Secretary of the Senate issued the following certificate of recognition:

Doris Loger, Waterloo—For celebrating her 90th birthday. Senator Dotzler.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEE MEETINGS

COMMERCE

Convened: Tuesday, January 12, 2016, 2:00 p.m.

Members Present: Petersen, Chair; McCoy, Vice Chair; Anderson, Ranking Member; Allen, Bertrand, Bolkcom, Courtney, Mathis, Schneider, Schoenjahn, Seng, and Sinclair.

Members Absent: Smith, Soddors, and Zumbach (all excused).

Committee Business: Organizational meeting.

Adjourned: 2:05 p.m.

JUDICIARY

Convened: Tuesday, January 12, 2016, 2:30 p.m.

Members Present: Soddors, Chair; Hogg, Vice Chair; Schneider, Ranking Member; Bisignano, Garrett, Horn, Kinney, Petersen, Quirmbach, Shipley, Taylor, and Whitver.

Members Absent: Zaun (excused).

Committee Business: Organizational meeting.

Adjourned: 2:35 p.m.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT

Convened: Tuesday, January 12, 2016, 1:00 p.m.

Members Present: Dearden, Chair; Brase, Vice Chair; Rozenboom, Ranking Member; Behn, Bolkcom, Johnson, Kinney, Petersen, Ragan, Schoenjahn, Shipley, and Zumbach.

Members Absent: Seng (excused).

Committee Business: Organizational meeting.

Adjourned: 1:20 p.m.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

Senate File 2009, by Hart, a bill for an act expanding the statewide preschool program to include certain five-year-old children and including applicability provisions.

Read first time under Rule 28 and referred to committee on **Education**.

Senate File 2010, by Petersen, a bill for an act relating to the supplementary weighting for limited English proficient students and including effective date and applicability provisions.

Read first time under Rule 28 and referred to committee on **Education**.

Senate File 2011, by Petersen, a bill for an act providing for additional weighting for eligible students identified as limited English proficient who are enrolled in the statewide preschool program for four-year-old children.

Read first time under Rule 28 and referred to committee on **Education**.

Senate File 2012, by Hart, a bill for an act relating to the revival of lapsed use restrictions by a common interest community.

Read first time under Rule 28 and referred to committee on **Judiciary**.

Senate File 2013, by Petersen, a bill for an act exempting African-style hair braiding from the definition of cosmetology.

Read first time under Rule 28 and referred to committee on **State Government**.

STUDY BILLS RECEIVED

SSB 3003 Human Resources

Relating to access to the information program for drug prescribing and dispensing administered by the board of pharmacy.

SSB 3004 Human Resources

Making changes to the controlled substance schedules, and providing penalties, and including an effective date provision.

SSB 3005 Human Resources

Relating to the reimbursement rate for juvenile shelter care homes and including effective date and retroactive applicability provisions.

SSB 3006 Commerce

Relating to continuation of or reenrollment in group accident or health care coverage by certain dependents of public employees and including applicability date provisions.

SSB 3007 Judiciary

Relating to the criminal offense of interference with official acts at county jails, municipal holding facilities, and judicial district departments of correctional services, and providing penalties.

SSB 3008 Judiciary

Establishing a statewide chemical substance abuse monitoring pilot program.

SSB 3009 Judiciary

Providing that certain peace officers and law enforcement officials are not required to use a notarial stamp when administering oaths or acknowledging signatures.

SSB 3010 Judiciary

Relating to the appointment of a guardian ad litem in an adoption proceeding.

SSB 3011 State Government

Relating to public disclosure of the receipt of certain gifts, bequests, and honoraria and making penalties applicable.

SSB 3012 State Government

Relating to the use of public resources for political purposes.

SSB 3013 State Government

Relating to permissible gifts from restricted donors to public officials, public employees, candidates, and immediate family members of such persons.

SSB 3014 State Government

Concerning the confidentiality of public employee support information submitted to the public employment relations board.

SUBCOMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS**Senate File 84**
(Reassigned)

JUDICIARY: Quirnbach, Chair; Garrett and Taylor

Senate File 502

COMMERCE: McCoy, Chair; Bolckcom and Zumbach

Senate File 2002

JUDICIARY: Horn, Chair; Garrett and Soddors

Senate File 2003

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT: Brase, Chair; Johnson and Ragan

House File 549

LABOR AND BUSINESS RELATIONS: Dearden, Chair; Bisignano and Shipley

House File 664

EDUCATION: Quirnbach, Chair; Schoenjahn and Sinclair

House File 665

EDUCATION: Quirnbach, Chair; Schoenjahn and Sinclair

SSB 3003

HUMAN RESOURCES: Allen, Chair; Segebart and Taylor

SSB 3004

HUMAN RESOURCES: Wilhelm, Chair; Bolkcom and Johnson

SSB 3005

HUMAN RESOURCES: Mathis, Chair; Costello and Ragan

SSB 3006

COMMERCE: McCoy, Chair; Schoenjahn and Sinclair

SSB 3007

JUDICIARY: Soddors, Chair; Kinney and Whitver

SSB 3008

JUDICIARY: Soddors, Chair; Garrett and Kinney

SSB 3009

JUDICIARY: Soddors, Chair; Garrett and Hogg

SSB 3010

JUDICIARY: Bisignano, Chair; Garrett and Horn

SSB 3011

STATE GOVERNMENT: Courtney, Chair; Bowman and Johnson

SSB 3012

STATE GOVERNMENT: Danielson, Chair; Horn and Schultz

SSB 3013

STATE GOVERNMENT: Danielson, Chair; Bertrand and Horn

SSB 3014

STATE GOVERNMENT: Bowman, Chair; Dearden and Schultz